

NS0-157^{Q&As}

NetApp Certified Data Administrator, Clustered Data ONTAP

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QUESTION 1

Which are types of failover groups? (choose all that apply)

- A. System-defined
- B. User-defined
- C. Next Available
- D. Priority
- E. Clusterwide

Correct Answer: ABE

Types of failover groups

Failover groups for LIFs can be system-defined or user-defined. Additionally, a failover group called clusterwide exists and is maintained automatically.

Failover groups are of the following types:

System-defined failover groups: Failover groups that automatically manage LIF failover targets on a per-LIF basis.

This is the default failover group for data LIFs in the cluster.

For example, when the value of the failover-group option is system-defined, the system will automatically manage the LIF failover targets for that LIF, based on the home node or port of the LIF.

Note: All the network ports should be assigned correct port roles, and all the network ports of the same role should be in the same subnet.

User-defined failover groups: Customized failover groups that can be created when the system-defined failover groups do not meet your requirements.

For a system with ports of the same role connected to multiple subnets, each LIF requires a user-defined failover group with a failover group for each subnet.

You can create a failover group consisting of all 10-GbE ports that enables LIFs to fail over only to the high-bandwidth ports.

Clusterwide failover group: Failover group that consists of all the data ports in the cluster.

This is the default failover group for the cluster-management LIFs only.

For example, when the value of the failover-group option is cluster-wide, every data port in the cluster will



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be defined as the failover targets for that LIF."

https://library.netapp.com/ecmdocs/ECMP1401193/html/GUID-9600E800-B8E6-4A78- B97B912459BEFD63.html

QUESTION 2

What is the default privileged account used to manage a clustered Data ONTAP storage system?

- A. administrator
- B. root
- C. admin
- D. pseudo root

Correct Answer: C

The default cluster account admin an alternative administrative user account username Reference: https://library.netapp.com/ecm_download_file/ECMP1196798

QUESTION 3

What are four storage efficiency features Data ONTAP 8.1 Cluster-Mode provides? (Choose four.)

- A. transparent files
- B. thin provisioning
- C. SnapVault
- D. FlexClone
- E. deduplication
- F. compression

Correct Answer: BDEF

QUESTION 4

A customer wants to use a UTA2 PCIe card in a new FAS8000 system.

Which three steps must be completed before the customer is able to use the ports for Fc access to an FCP switch? (Choose three.)

- A. Use the system hardware unified-connect modify command to change the personality from initiator to target.
- B. Verify the WWPN of the UTA2 so that these can be used in the igroup to map the LUNs for host access.
- C. Verify that the correct SFP+ is installed for FC.



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D. Verify the card\\'s hardware configuration by running the system hardware unified- connect show command.

E. Verify that Data ONTAP iSCSI, GIFS, and NFS are licensed on the system.

Correct Answer: ACD

Reference: https://library.netapp.com/ecmdocs/ECMP1368525/html/GUID-EC0DDAEE- 1178-48EF-

B90D0A7DF498F71B.html

QUESTION 5

A clustered Data ONTAP 8.2 Infinite Volume can share an aggregate with an FlexVol volume.

A. True

B. False

Correct Answer: A

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