

1Z0-815^{Q&As}

Java SE 11 Programmer I

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QUESTION 1

Given:

```
class Myclass {
public static void main(String [] args) {
    System.out.println(arg[1] + "--" + arg[3] + "--" + arg[0]);
}
}
```

executed using this command: java Myclass My Car is red What is the output of this class?

- A. Car--red--My
- B. My--Car--is
- C. My--is--java
- D. java--Myclass--My
- E. Myclass--Car--red

Correct Answer: B

QUESTION 2

Given the code fragment:

```
int x = 0;
while(x < 10){
    System.out.print(x++);
}
```

Which "for" loop produces the same output?

- A.

```
int b = 0;
for( ; b < 10; ){
    System.out.print(++b);
}
```
- B.

```
for(a; a < 10; a++){
    System.out.print(a);
}
```
- C.

```
for(int d = 0; d < 10; ){
    System.out.print(d);
    ++d;
}
```
- D.

```
for(int c = 0; ; c++){
    System.out.print(c);
    if(c == 10){
        break;
    }
}
```

A. Option A

B. Option B

C. Option C

D. Option D

Correct Answer: A

QUESTION 3

Given: What is the result?

```
1. public class Main {
2.     public static void greet(String... args) {
3.         System.out.print("Hello ");
4.         for (String arg : args) {
5.             System.out.println(arg);
6.         }
7.     }
8.     public static void main(String[] args) {
9.         Main c = null;
10.        c.greet();
11.    }
12. }
```

- A. NullPointerException is thrown at line 4.
- B. NullPointerException is thrown at line 10.
- C. A compilation error occurs.
- D. Hello

Correct Answer: D



QUESTION 4

Given:

```
public class DNASynth {
    int aCount;
    int tCount;
    int cCount;
    int gCount;

    DNASynth(int a, int tCount, int c, int g){
        // line 1
    }
    int setCCount(int c){
        return c;
    }
    void setGCount(int gCount){
        this.gCount = gCount;
    }
}
```

Which two lines of code when inserted in line 1 correctly modifies instance variables? (Choose two.)

- A. setCCount(c) = cCount;
- B. tCount = tCount;
- C. setGCount(g);
- D. cCount = setCCount(c);
- E. aCount = a;

Correct Answer: BE

QUESTION 5

Given:

```
package b;  
public class Person {  
    protected Person() { //line 1  
    }  
}
```

and

```
package a;  
import b.Person;  
public class Main { //line 2  
    public static void main(String[] args) {  
        Person person = new Person(); //line 3  
    }  
}
```

Which two allow a.Main to allocate a new Person? (Choose two.)

- A. In Line 1, change the access modifier to private private Person() {
- B. In Line 1, change the access modifier to public public Person() {
- C. In Line 2, add extends Person to the Main class public class Main extends Person { and change Line 3 to create a new Main object Person person = new Main();
- D. In Line 2, change the access modifier to protected protected class Main {
- E. In Line 1, remove the access modifier Person() {

Correct Answer: CE

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