

# 5V0-22.21 Q&As

VMware vSAN 6.7 Specialist

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#### **QUESTION 1**

The DevOps team of an organization wants to deploy their new cloud native application with persistent storage on a dedicated vSAN cluster. The storage administrator is tasked to configure the vSAN cluster and leverage the vSAN Direct feature.

Which two requirements must the administrator meet to complete this task? (Choose two.)

- A. Unclaimed disks in the hosts for vSAN Direct
- B. A dedicated network for vSAN Direct
- C. A valid vSAN license for the vSAN cluster
- D. An integration with vSAN File Services
- E. vSphere HA enabled on the vSAN cluster

Correct Answer: BE

## **QUESTION 2**

All of the virtual machines running on a hybrid vSAN datastore have this storage policy assigned:

Failures to Tolerate (FTT) rule is set to "2 Failures - RAID-1 (Mirroring)".

The vSAN administrator needs to reduce the amount of vSAN datastore capacity the virtual machines will

consume.

Which action should the vSAN administrator take to meet this goal?

- A. Change the FTT rule to "1 Failure RAID-1 (Mirroring)", and select "Now" for Reapply to VMs.
- B. Add the "Flash read cache reservation" rule to the storage policy, and set to 0%.
- C. Disable Operations reserve and Host rebuild reserve and click "Apply".
- D. Modify the FTT rule to "2 Failures RAID-5 (Erasure Coding)".

Correct Answer: A

#### **QUESTION 3**

An existing vSAN cluster has this specification:

Four ESXi hosts with all flash configuration Each with two disk groups Each disk group with one cache device and four capacity devices There are five more device slots available

The CTO would like to provision new applications, and these will need more capacity and performance.



Which two methods may be used by the vSAN administrator to meet this goal? (Choose two.)

- A. Adding faster cache devices
- B. Adding one more disk group per host with the same configuration
- C. Replacing all cache devices by a larger device
- D. Adding an ESXi host with identical device configuration
- E. Replacing all capacity devices by a larger device

Correct Answer: BD

### **QUESTION 4**

What is the purpose of host rebuild reserve in vSAN?

- A. Reserves space in case of single host failure
- B. Allocated capacity for vCLS
- C. Reconfigures data components
- D. Stores vSphere HA heartbeats

Correct Answer: A

# **QUESTION 5**

Which state is NOT a compliance status of a VM Storage Policy?

- A. Compliant
- B. Noncompliant
- C. Stale
- D. Not Applicable
- Correct Answer: C

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