

C2090-545^{Q&As}

DB2 9.7 SQL Procedure Developer

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QUESTION 1

Given the following DDL:

```
CREATE PROCEDURE update_salary (IN emp_num CHAR(6), IN rating SMALLINT)
LANGUAGE SQL
BEGIN
  IF (rating = 1) THEN
    UPDATE employee SET salary = salary * 1.10
    WHERE empno = emp_num;
  ELSEIF (rating = 2) THEN
    UPDATE employee SET salary = salary * 1.05
    WHERE empno = emp_num;
  ELSE
    UPDATE employee SET salary = salary * 1.03
    WHERE empno = emp_num;
  END IF;
END
```

```
CREATE OR REPLACE PROCEDURE update_salary
(IN emp_num CHAR(6), IN rating SMALLINT)
BEGIN
  UPDATE employee SET salary = salary * 1.50
  WHERE empno = emp_num;
END
```

If the UPDATE_SALARY is called with employee_number = ?23455?and rating = 2,

What will the SALARY be?

- A. salary * 1.03
- B. salary * 1.05
- C. salary * 1.10
- D. salary * 1.50

Correct Answer: D

QUESTION 2

Inthe given text below:

```
CREATE PROCEDURE calc_raise (IN rating INT, INOUT salary INT, OUT bonus INT)
BEGIN
  CASE
    WHEN rating >= 1 AND rating < 2 THEN
      SET SALARY = SALARY *1.10, BONUS = 1000;
    WHEN rating >= 2 AND rating < 4 THEN
      SET SALARY = SALARY *1.05, BONUS = 500;
    ELSE
      SET SALARY = SALARY *1.03, BONUS = 0;
    END CASE;
  END
```

If the following statement is executed from the Command Line Processor:

```
CALL calc_raise(2, 5000, ?)
```

What will be the value of the output variable BONUS?

- A. 500
- B. 1000
- C. 5200
- D. 5500

Correct Answer: A

QUESTION 3

Given the following CREATE PROCEDURE statement:

```
CREATE PROCEDURE del_inventory (IN prod INT, OUT err_buffer VARCHAR(128))
LANGUAGE SQL
DYNAMIC RESULT SETS 1
BEGIN

  DECLARE SQLSTATE CHAR(5) DEFAULT '00000';
  DECLARE SQLCODE integer DEFAULT 0;

  ap: BEGIN

  ...

  END ap
END
```

In what order must declarations occur within the lines ap: BEGIN and END ap?

- A. Variables, cursors, and condition handlers
- B. Cursors, variables, condition handlers
- C. Condition handlers, variables, cursors
- D. Condition handlers, cursors, variables

Correct Answer: A

QUESTION 4

Using Optimistic Locking, both Transaction1 and Transaction 2 have read the same row including the RID_BIT and ROW CHANGE TOKEN values. Transaction 1 updates the row after ensuring that the row has not changed after the previous SELECT by adding a RID_BIT and ROW CHANGE TOKEN predicate to the UPDATE statement. Transaction 2 now tries to update that same row using the same predicate as transaction 1.

What will be the result?

- A. The row will be found with the same ROW CHANGE TOKEN. Transaction 2 will now insert its values replacing those of transaction 1.
- B. The row will be found with a different ROW CHANGE TOKEN and Transaction 2 will overwrite the values set in transaction 1.
- C. The row will not be found because the value of the ROW CHANGE TOKEN has changed in regard to the UPDATE of transaction 1. Transaction 2 has to retry in order to retrieve the current data.
- D. The row will not be found because the value of the ROW CHANGE TOKEN has changed in regard to the UPDATE of transaction 1. Transaction 2 will complete with an insert of a new row.

Correct Answer: C

QUESTION 5

What is the correct order for declarations in a compound statement defined by BEGIN and END?

- A. variable, cursor, handler, condition
- B. variable, condition, cursor, handler
- C. variable, condition, handler, cursor
- D. variable, cursor, condition, handler

Correct Answer: B

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