

DAS-C01^{Q&As}

AWS Certified Data Analytics - Specialty (DAS-C01)

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QUESTION 1

A retail company wants to use Amazon QuickSight to generate dashboards for web and in-store sales. A group of 50 business intelligence professionals will develop and use the dashboards. Once ready, the dashboards will be shared with a group of 1,000 users.

The sales data comes from different stores and is uploaded to Amazon S3 every 24 hours. The data is partitioned by year and month, and is stored in Apache Parquet format. The company is using the AWS Glue Data Catalog as its main data catalog and Amazon Athena for querying. The total size of the uncompressed data that the dashboards query from at any point is 200 GB.

Which configuration will provide the MOST cost-effective solution that meets these requirements?

- A. Load the data into an Amazon Redshift cluster by using the COPY command. Configure 50 author users and 1,000 reader users. Use QuickSight Enterprise edition. Configure an Amazon Redshift data source with a direct query option.
- B. Use QuickSight Standard edition. Configure 50 author users and 1,000 reader users. Configure an Athena data source with a direct query option.
- C. Use QuickSight Enterprise edition. Configure 50 author users and 1,000 reader users. Configure an Athena data source and import the data into SPICE. Automatically refresh every 24 hours.
- D. Use QuickSight Enterprise edition. Configure 1 administrator and 1,000 reader users. Configure an S3 data source and import the data into SPICE. Automatically refresh every 24 hours.

Correct Answer: C

QUESTION 2

A company is creating a data lake by using AWS Lake Formation. The data that will be stored in the data lake contains sensitive customer information and must be encrypted at rest using an AWS Key Management Service (AWS KMS) customer managed key to meet regulatory requirements.

How can the company store the data in the data lake to meet these requirements?

- A. Store the data in an encrypted Amazon Elastic Block Store (Amazon EBS) volume. Register the Amazon EBS volume with Lake Formation.
- B. Store the data in an Amazon S3 bucket by using server-side encryption with AWS KMS (SSE-KMS). Register the S3 location with Lake Formation.
- C. Encrypt the data on the client side and store the encrypted data in an Amazon S3 bucket. Register the S3 location with Lake Formation.
- D. Store the data in an Amazon S3 Glacier Flexible Retrieval vault bucket. Register the S3 Glacier Flexible Retrieval vault with Lake Formation.

Correct Answer: D

QUESTION 3

A company currently uses Amazon Athena to query its global datasets. The regional data is stored in Amazon S3 in the us-east-1 and us-west-2 Regions. The data is not encrypted. To simplify the query process and manage it centrally, the company wants to use Athena in us-west-2 to query data from Amazon S3 in both Regions. The solution should be as low-cost as possible.

What should the company do to achieve this goal?

- A. Use AWS DMS to migrate the AWS Glue Data Catalog from us-east-1 to us-west-2. Run Athena queries in us-west-2.
- B. Run the AWS Glue crawler in us-west-2 to catalog datasets in all Regions. Once the data is crawled, run Athena queries in us-west-2.
- C. Enable cross-Region replication for the S3 buckets in us-east-1 to replicate data in us-west-2. Once the data is replicated in us-west-2, run the AWS Glue crawler there to update the AWS Glue Data Catalog in us-west-2 and run Athena queries.
- D. Update AWS Glue resource policies to provide us-east-1 AWS Glue Data Catalog access to us-west-2. Once the catalog in us-west-2 has access to the catalog in us-east-1, run Athena queries in us-west-2.

Correct Answer: B

Reference: <https://docs.aws.amazon.com/athena/latest/ug/other-notable-limitations.html>
<https://docs.aws.amazon.com/glue/latest/dg/glue-resource-policies.html>

QUESTION 4

A technology company is creating a dashboard that will visualize and analyze time-sensitive data. The data will come in through Amazon Kinesis Data Firehose with the buffer interval set to 60 seconds. The dashboard must support near-realtime data.

Which visualization solution will meet these requirements?

- A. Select Amazon OpenSearch Service (Amazon Elasticsearch Service) as the endpoint for Kinesis Data Firehose. Set up an OpenSearch Dashboards (Kibana) using the data in Amazon OpenSearch Service (Amazon ES) with the desired analyses and visualizations.
- B. Select Amazon S3 as the endpoint for Kinesis Data Firehose. Read data into an Amazon SageMaker Jupyter notebook and carry out the desired analyses and visualizations.
- C. Select Amazon Redshift as the endpoint for Kinesis Data Firehose. Connect Amazon QuickSight with SPICE to Amazon Redshift to create the desired analyses and visualizations.
- D. Select Amazon S3 as the endpoint for Kinesis Data Firehose. Use AWS Glue to catalog the data and Amazon Athena to query it. Connect Amazon QuickSight with SPICE to Athena to create the desired analyses and visualizations.

Correct Answer: A

Reference: <https://aws.amazon.com/blogs/big-data/ingest-streaming-data-into-amazon-elasticsearch-service-within-the-privacy-of-your-vpc-with-amazon-kinesis-data-firehose/>

QUESTION 5

A company receives datasets from partners at various frequencies. The datasets include baseline data and incremental data. The company needs to merge and store all the datasets without reprocessing the data. Which solution will meet these requirements with the LEAST development effort?

- A. Use an AWS Glue job with a temporary table to process the datasets. Store the data in an Amazon RDS table.
- B. Use an Apache Spark job in an Amazon EMR cluster to process the datasets. Store the data in EMR File System (EMRFS).
- C. Use an AWS Glue job with job bookmarks enabled to process the datasets. Store the data in Amazon S3.
- D. Use an AWS Lambda function to process the datasets. Store the data in Amazon S3.

Correct Answer: C

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